

Ingenieurbüro Baumann --- www.leobaumann.de --- 46282 Dorsten, Markt 6
manuelle Berechnung eines horizontalen L-Dipols in einer Höhe b2 über Grund
h = Länge, b2 = Höhe über Grund, l = Wellenlänge

- `reset ():digits:=16:wh:=45*PI/180:k:=1/1000:wv:=56.21875*PI/180:w:=90*PI/180:h:=40:b2:=40:l:=80:`

Richtdiagramm im Kugelraum als Funktion der Winkel

- `c:=(the,phi1) -> abs((cos(PI*h/l*cos(the)*sin(phi1))-cos(PI*h/l))/(sqrt(1-cos(the)^2*sin(phi1-k)^2)))*2*abs(sin(PI*2*b2/l*cos(phi1)))+abs((cos(PI*h/l*cos(the-w)*sin(phi1))-cos(PI*h/l))/(sqrt(1-cos(the-w)^2*sin(phi1-k)^2)))*2*abs(sin(PI*2*b2/l*cos(phi1))):`

Antennenimpedanz nach 4nec2 mittengespeist an einem Schenkel

- `Z:=86.9+I*76.5`

$$86.9 + 76.5 \cdot i$$

Antennenimpedanzen nach 4nec2 endgespeist

- `Z:=6639+I*4089;`

$$6639 + 4089 \cdot i$$

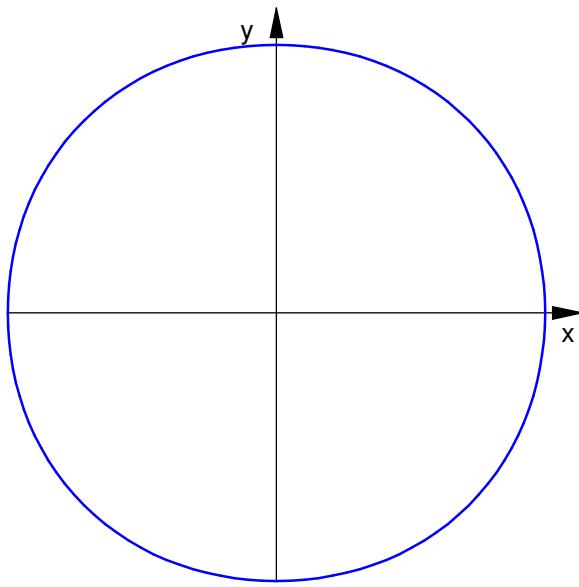
Antennenimpedanzen nach 4nec2 mittengespeist in der Ecke

- `Z:=2133+I*3492;`

$$2133 + 3492 \cdot i$$

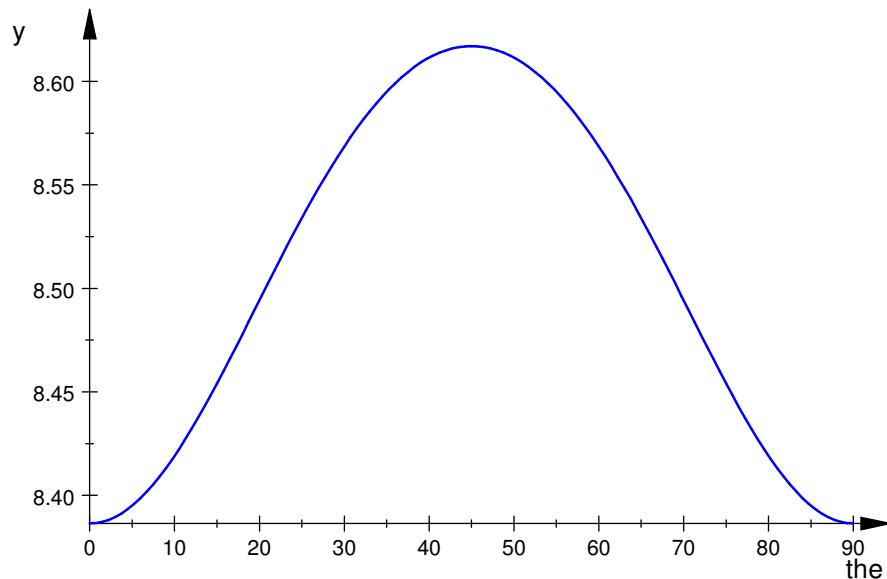
Horizontaldiagramm

- `plot(plot::Polar([c(the,wv),the], the = 0..2*PI, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained));`



horizontale relative Strahlungsleistungsichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(the*PI/180,wv)^2, the = 0..90):`



Maximalwert der relativen Stahlungsleistungsichte , auch in dBi

- `ghmax:=0:ghwmax:=0:for m from 0 to 2879 step 1 do
gh:=float(c(m*PI/5760,wv)^2);
if gh>ghmax then
 ghmax:=gh;
 ghwmax:=float(m/32);
end_if;
end_for:ghmax;float(10*ln(ghmax)/ln(10)+2.15);ghwmax;`

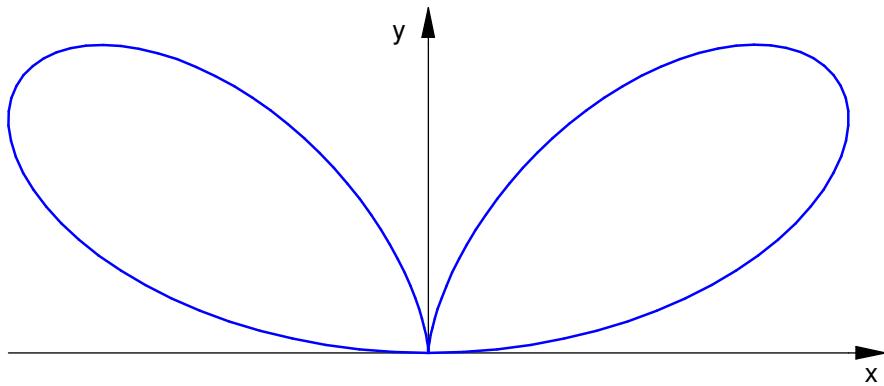
8.617052648

11.50358746

45.0

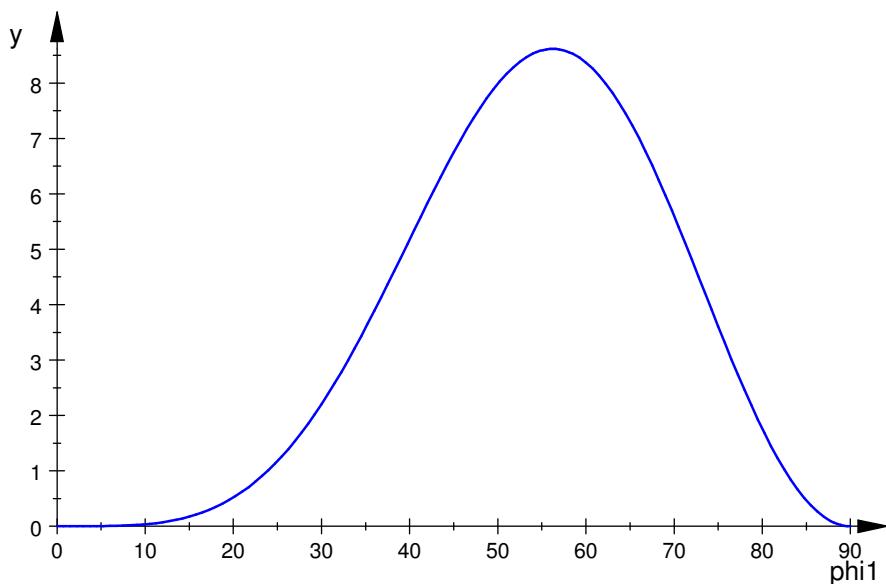
Vertikaldiagramm

- `plot(plot::Polar([c(wh,phi1),phi1+PI/2], phi1 = -PI/2..PI/2,
TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained));`



vertikale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(wh,phi1*PI/180)^2, phi1 = 0..90) :`



Maximalwert der relativen Stahlungsleistungsdichte , auch in dBi

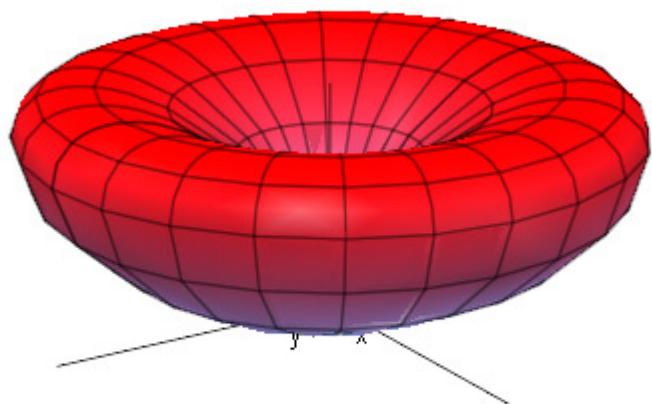
- `gvmax:=0:gvwmax:=0:for m from 0 to 2879 step 1 do
 gv:=float(c(wh,m*PI/5760)^2);
 if gv>gvmax then
 gvmax:=gv;
 gvwmax:=float(m/32);
 end_if;
 end_for:gvmax;float(10*ln(gvmax)/ln(10)+2.15);gvwmax;`

8.617052648

11.50358746

56.21875

- `delete
the,phil:graph:=plot::Surface([cos(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),sin(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),cos(phi1)*c(the,phi1)],the=0..2*PI, phi1=-PI/2..PI/2,Axes=Origin, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained,
AdaptiveMesh=4):
plot(graph);`



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