

Ingenieurbüro Baumann --- www.leobaumann.de --- 46282 Dorsten, Markt 6

manuelle Berechnung eines horizontalen Quads

$h = \text{Länge}$, $d = \text{Distanz}$, $l = \text{Wellenlänge}$

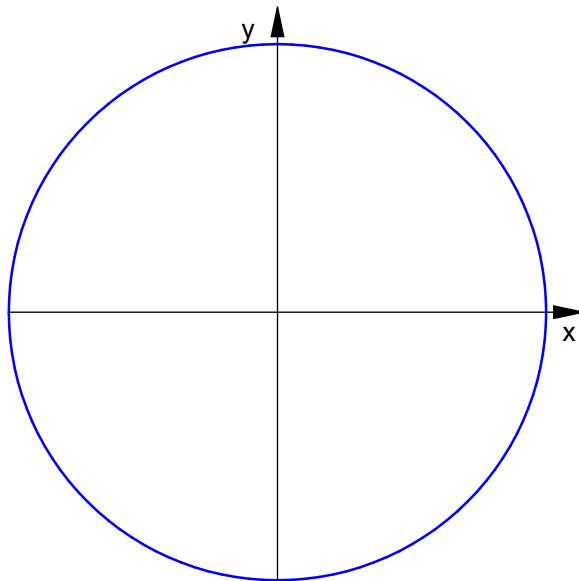
- `reset():digits:=16:wh:=0*PI/180:k:=1/1000:wv:=0*PI/180:w:=90*PI/180:h:=1/2:d:=h:l:=1:`

Richtdiagramm im Kugelraum als Funktion der Winkel

- `c:=(the,phil) -> abs((cos(PI*h/l*cos(the)*sin(phi1))-cos(PI*h/l))/(sqrt(1-cos(the)^2*sin(phi1)^2)) *2*abs(cos(PI*d/l*sin(phi1)*sin(the)))+abs((cos(PI*d/l*cos(the-w-k)*sin(phi1))-cos(PI*d/l))/(sqrt(1-cos(the-w-k)^2*sin(phi1)^2)) *2*abs(cos(PI*h/l*sin(phi1)*sin(the-w)))):`

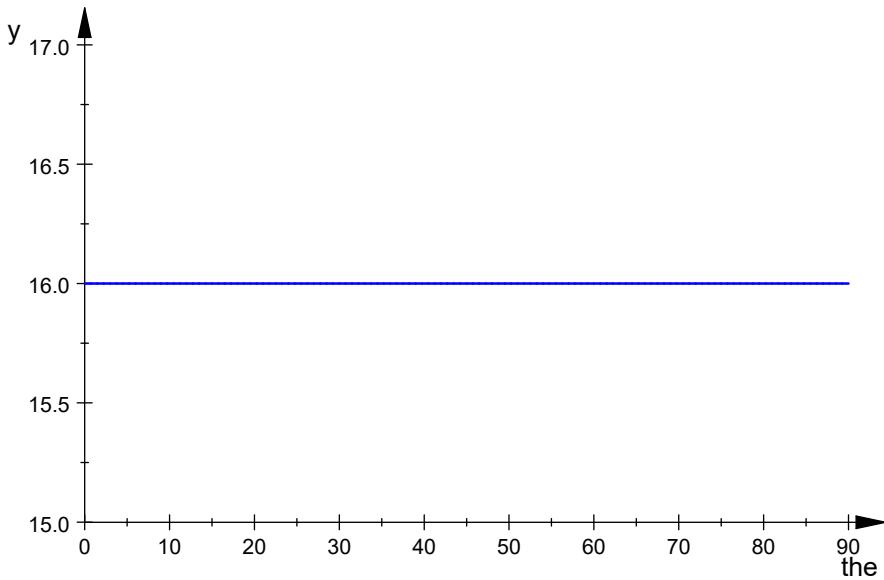
Horizontaldiagramm

- `plot(plot::Polar([c(the,wv),the], the = 0..2*PI, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained, AdaptiveMesh=4));`



horizontale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(the*PI/180,wv)^2, the = 0..90):`



Maximalwert der relativen Stahlungsleistungsdichte , auch in dBi

- ```
ghmax:=0:ghwmax:=0:for m from 0 to 10 step 1 do
gh:=float(c(m*PI/5760,wv)^2);
if gh>ghmax then
 ghmax:=gh;
 ghwmax:=float(m/32);
end_if;
end_for:ghmax;float(10*log(10,ghmax)+2.15);ghwmax;
```

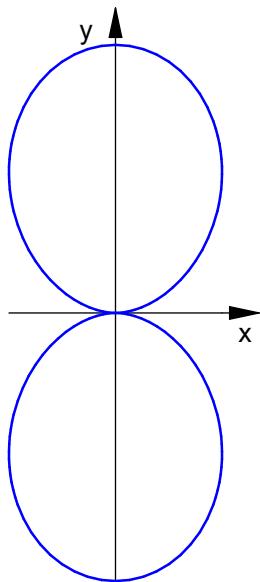
16.0

14.19119983

0.0

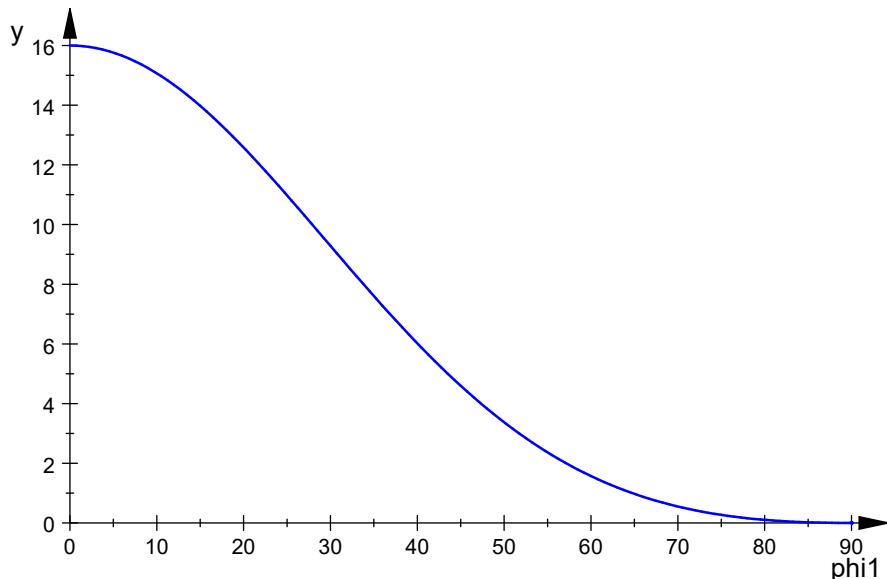
Vertikaldiagramm

- ```
plot(plot::Polar([c(wh,phi1),phi1+PI/2], phi1 = -PI..PI,
TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained, AdaptiveMesh=4));
```



vertikale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

- `plotfunc2d(c(wh,phi1*PI/180)^2, phi1 = 0..90):`



- Maximalwert der relativen Stahlungsleistungsdichte , auch in dBi
- `gvmax:=0:gvwmax:=0:for m from 0 to 2879 step 1 do
 gv:=float(c(wh,m*PI/5760)^2);
 if gv>gvmax then
 gvmax:=gv;
 gvwmax:=float(m/32);
 end_if;`

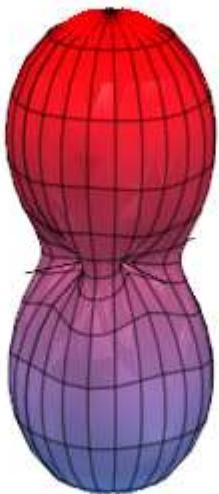
```
end_for:gvmax;float(10*log(10,gvmax)+2.15);gvwmax;
```

16.0

14.19119983

0.0

- `delete`
`the,phil1:graph:=plot::Surface([cos(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),sin(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),cos(phi1)*c(the,phi1)],the=0..2*PI, phi1=-PI..PI,Axes=Origin, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained, AdaptiveMesh=4):`
- `plot(graph);`



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