

Ingenieurbüro Baumann --- www.leobaumann.de --- Markt 6, 46282 Dorsten

manuelle Berechnung eines vert. Quads

h = Länge, bet = Phasenverschiebung, l = Wellenlänge

- `reset():digits:=16:wv:=58.90625*PI/180:wh:=90*PI/180:h:=1/2:d:=1/2:l:=1:`

Richtdiagramm im Kugelraum als Funktion der Winkel

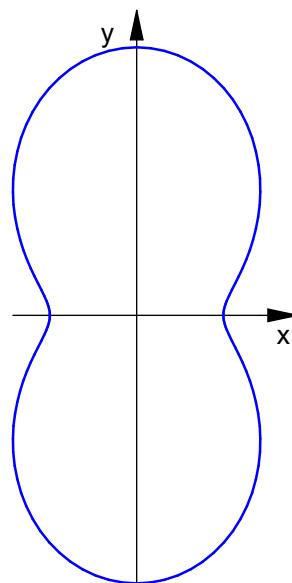
- `c:=(the,phi1) -> abs((cos(PI*h/l*cos(phi1))-cos(PI*h/l))/sin(phi1)) *2*abs(cos(PI*d/l*cos(the)*sin(phi1))) +abs((cos(PI*d/l*cos(the)*sin(phi1))-cos(PI*d/l))/sqrt(1-cos(the)^2*sin(phi1)^2)) *2*abs(sin(PI*h/l*cos(phi1))):`

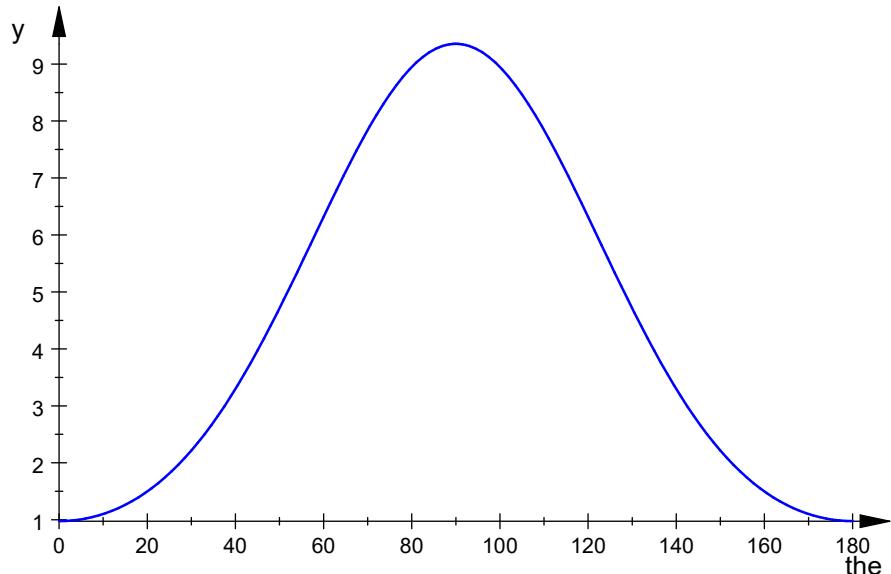
Antennenimpedanz nach 4nec2 einseitig mittengespeist

- `Z:=115+I*17.4;`
 $115.0 + 17.4 \cdot i$

Horizontaldiagramm

- `plot(plot::Polar([c(the,wv),the], the = 0..2*PI, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained, AdaptiveMesh=4));`





Maximalwert der relativen Stahlungsleistungsdichte , auch in dBi

- ```
ghmax:=0:ghwmax:=0:for m from 0 to 2880 step 1 do
gh:=float(c(m*PI/5760,wv)^2);
if gh>ghmax then
 ghmax:=gh;
 ghwmax:=float(m/32);
end_if;
end_for:ghmax;float(10*log(10,ghmax)+2.15);ghwmax;
```

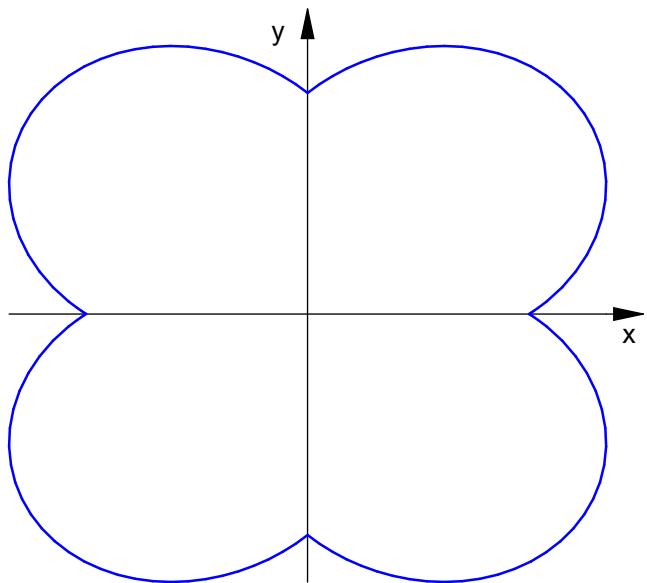
9.354784733

11.86033798

90.0

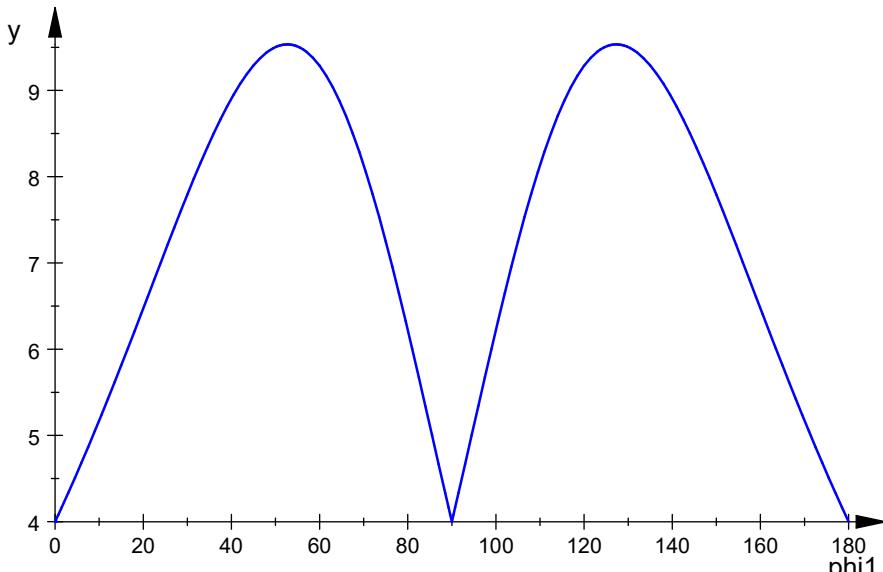
Vertikaldiagramm

- ```
plot(plot::Polar([c(wh,phi1),phi1+PI/2], phi1 = -PI..PI,
TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained, AdaptiveMesh=4));
```



vertikale relative Strahlungsleistungsdichte

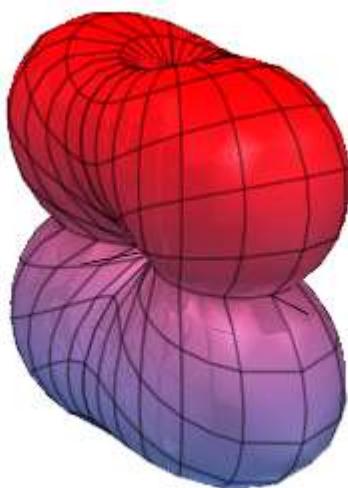
- `plotfunc2d(c(wh,phi1*PI/180)^2, phi1 = 0..180):`



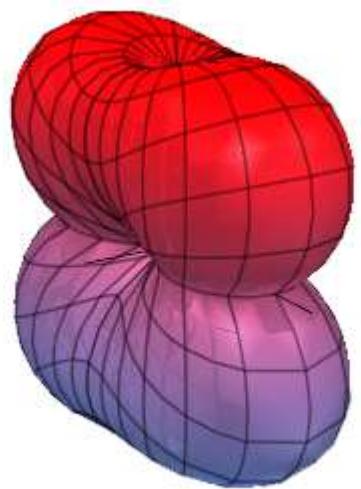
11.94255295

52.6875

- ```
graph:=plot::Surface([cos(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),sin(the)*sin(phi1)*c(the,phi1),cos(phi1)*c(the,phi1)],the=0..2*PI,phi1=0..2*PI,Axes=Origin, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained, AdaptiveMesh=4):
```
- ```
plot(graph);
```



- ```
graph:=(plot::Spherical([c(the,phi1),the,phi1], the=0..2*PI, phi1=0..2*PI, Axes=Origin, TicksNumber=None, Scaling=Constrained, AdaptiveMesh=4)):
```
- ```
plot(graph);
```



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